Writing Social Narratives for Mental Health

What information do I need to create a mental health social narrative?

What is the specific situation or trigger that may lead to a mental health crisis? For example: sensory overload, frustration, unexpected change in routine, etc.

What coping strategies are helpful for the person?

Examples: deep breathing, using a calm-down kit, asking for a break, sensory toys, etc.

Who are the trusted individuals they can turn to for support?

Examples: family members, caregivers, therapists, teachers, etc.

What positive outcome would you like to reinforce?

Example: feeling calmer, gaining control over emotions, learning to ask for help.

Does the person prefer text-based narratives, visuals, or a combination?



- Triggers are related to changes in routine
- Familiar coping strategies are using a calm-down kit and asking for a break
- Trusted person is their mother
- Would like to reinforce gaining control over their emotions and asking for help
- A text only format works well for this person

Fletcher, A., Mallory, S., Ambrosie, A., & CDS DNEA Team. (2024). DNEA resource guide: Grab and go supports: Social narratives for mental health. Delaware Network for Excellence in Autism Additional resource guides at https://www.delawareautismnetwork.org/.





Writing Social Narratives Grab and Go Supports for Mental Health

DNEA Resource Guide:

Here's a sample social narrative for handling an unexpected change in routine:

Title: "When Things Change, I Can Stay Calm"

Sometimes, plans change

"Sometimes, things don't go the way I expect. Maybe we can't go to the park today, or we need to leave the house earlier than planned. It's okay for things to change."

It's okay to feel upset

"When plans change, I might feel upset, confused, or frustrated. These feelings are normal, and it's okay to feel them."

What I can do when I feel upset

"When I start to feel upset, I can use my calm-down kit. I can take deep breaths, squeeze my stress ball, or use my favorite fidget toy. These help me feel better."

Ask for a break

"If I need more time to calm down, I can ask for a break. I can say, 'I need a break,' and that's okay. Taking a break helps me stay calm and in control."

My mom can help me

"If I am still feeling upset, I can talk to my mom. She will listen to me and help me feel better. She is there to support me."

After I calm down

"After I use my calm-down kit or take a break, I will start to feel better. I can get back to doing what I was doing, even if plans have changed."

I am learning new skills

"Every time I use my calm-down kit or ask for a break, I am learning how to handle my feelings better. I am getting stronger at staying calm when things change."

I can feel proud of myself

"After I get calm, I can feel proud. I am in control of my emotions, and I know how to ask for help when I need it."

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